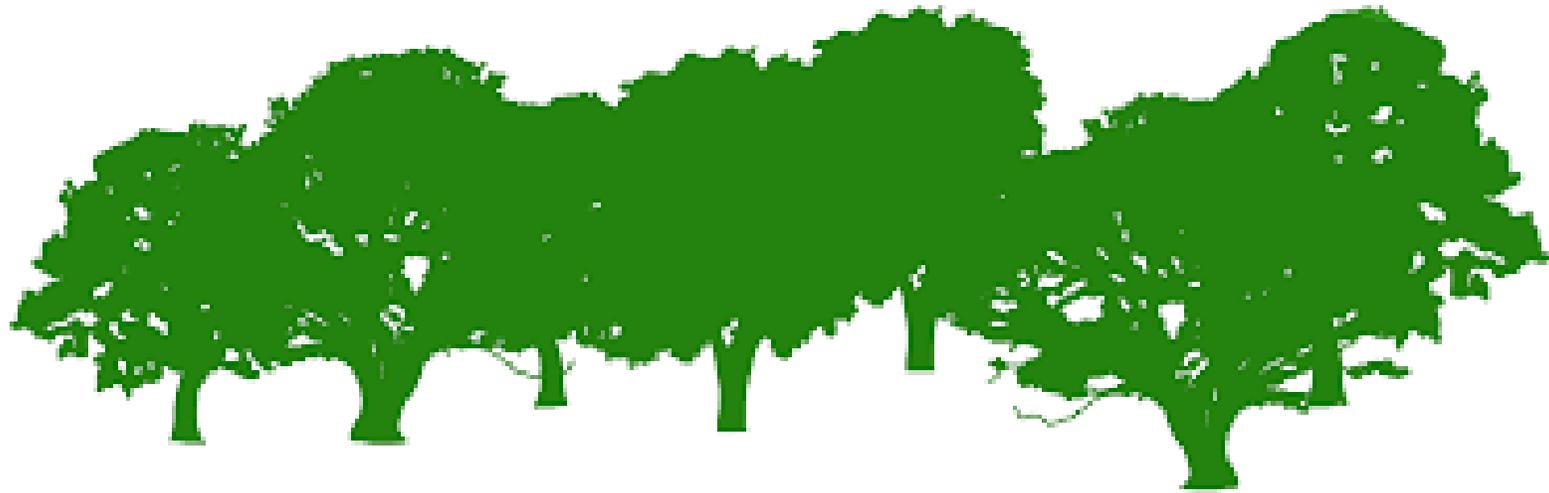




NATURE in ROMANIA





Introduction



Nature reserves - are natural areas protected by law in order to conserve and protect some areas of natural habitat and specific ecological diversity.

Romania is one of the countries with the highest biodiversity in Europe. It owns a third of the Danube Delta and half of the Carpathian Mountains.

Romania is the country with the most biogeographical regions in Europe. All these data make Romania a country with an extremely rich and varied nature. The first national park established in Romania is Retezat, in 1935.

National Park and Natural Reservation

1. Macin Mountains Nature Reserve
2. Delta Dunarii Nature Reserve
3. Retezat National Park
4. Peony reservation
5. Bison reservation



Macin Mountains Nature Reserve

Măcin Mountains National Park is a protected area, located in Romania, Tulcea County.

The Măcin Mountains present a natural area with a high floristic and faunal diversity.

The park's fauna is diverse and consists of several species of mammals, birds, reptiles, amphibians and insects (some of which are very rare or endemic) protected in Europe.



Animals



Wild boar (*Sus scrofa*)



Deer (*Cervus elaphus*)



Mountain eagle
(*Aquila chrysaetos*)



The serpent of
Aesculapius
(*Elaphe longissima*)



Green ray frog (*Bufo viridis*)



Black stork
(*Ciconia nigra*)

Butterfly species



Lycaena dispar



Callimorpha
quadripunctaria



Apatura metis



Zerynthia polyxena



Kirinia roxelana

Plants



Campanula romanica



Dianthus guttatus



Crocus chrysanthus

Delta Dunării

Delta Dunării, located mostly in Dobrogea, Romania, is the second largest and best preserved of the European deltas.

It has a natural area with a high floristic and faunal diversity.



Pictures of Delta Dunarii



Plants and animals



Nymphaea alba



Centaurea



Helichrysum moesianum



Falco columbarius



Eremias arguta



Philomachus pugnax

Retezat National Park

Retezat National Park is a protected area. It is located in Hunedoara County. Retezat mountains are the most complex mountain range in all the geographical sectors of the Romanian Carpathians.



Animals



Brown bear (*Ursus arctos*)



Fox (*Vulpes vulpes*)



Salamander (*Salamandra salamandra*)



Mountain Rooster (*Tetrao urogallus*)



Blue gull (*Alcedo atthis*)



Green woodpecker (*Picus canus*)

Plants



Mountain peony
(*Rhododendron
myrtifolium*)



(*Pulsatilla alba*)



Willow (*Centaurea
pinnatifida*)



The mountain blue
(*Centaurea pinnatifida*)

Peony reservation

The peony reserve is a protected area located in Transylvania, Mureș County. Peonies bloom in May. Peonies have been a monument of nature since 1932.



Steppe peonies (*Paeonia tenuifolia*)



Bison reservation

Slivuț Forest is a protected area of national interest, with an area of 40 ha, located near the town of Hațeg. The famous bison reserve is the first location in Romania where the European bison (*Bison bonasus*) was reintroduced.

It was established in the autumn of 1958, when a pair of bison - Podarec and Polonka - were brought from Poland.



Bison (*Bison bonasus*)





Thank you for your attention!

